

MCA (Revised) / BCA (Revised)

Term-End Examination

05293

June, 2015

MCS-013 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : Question number 1 is **compulsory**. Attempt any **three** questions from the rest.

1. (a) Write down the truth table of

$$p \rightarrow q \wedge \sim r \leftrightarrow r \oplus q.$$
 Also explain whether it is a tautology or not. 5
- (b) Show that $\sqrt{5}$ is irrational. 4
- (c) Give the geometric representation of $\mathbb{R} \times \{2\}$. 3
- (d) Find the f inverse of the function

$$f : f(x) = x^3 - 3.$$
 3
- (e) Present a *direct proof* of the statement :
 "Square of an odd integer is odd." 3
- (f) How many permutations are there for the word "UNIVERSITY" ? 2

2. (a) (i) Check whether $(A \cup B) \cap C = A \cup (B \cap C)$ or not, using Venn Diagram. 3
- (ii) Find the dual of $A \cup (B \cup C)$. 2
- (b) Prove that $C(n, r) = C(n, n - r)$, for $0 \leq r \leq n, n \in \mathbb{N}$. 5
3. (a) State and prove Addition Theorem of Probability. 5
- (b) Show that in any group of 30 people, we can always find 5 people who were born on the same day of the week. 3
- (c) State Pigeonhole principle. Also give an example of its application. 2
4. (a) What is the probability that a number between 1 and 200 is divisible by neither 2, 3, 5 nor 7? 3
- (b) In how many ways can 20 students be grouped into 3 groups? 3
- (c) In how many ways can r distinct objects be distributed into 6 different boxes with at least two boxes empty? 4

5. (a) Give an example of a compound proposition that is neither a tautology nor a contradiction. 2

(b) Show that $2^n > n^3$ for $n \geq 10$. 5

(c) Draw the logic circuit for the following boolean expression :

$$x \cdot y + x \cdot y' + x' \cdot y. \quad 3$$
